

# Ty Diploma - Sem 6 Management Subject Code: 22509



## **V2V EDTECH LLP**

Online Coaching at an Affordable Price.

### **OUR SERVICES:**

- · Diploma in All Branches, All Subjects
- · Degree in All Branches, All Subjects
- · BSCIT/CS
- Professional Courses
- +91 93260 50669
- V2V EdTech LLP
- v2vedtech.com
- o v2vedtech



# Mo - 9326050669 / 9372072139 <u>Management (TY Diploma Sem 6)</u> <u>Unit 1: Introduction to Management concepts and Managerial skills</u>

1	serve important roles in organizations.
a)	Supervisors
b)	Subordinates
c)	Managers
d)	Employees
2	Managerial roles involve specific types of behaviour, conduct andthat a manager must demonstrate Tobe successful.
a)	Actions
b)	Activity
c)	Task
d)	Decisions
3	Which of the following is not included in the three general manager roles identified by Henry Mintzberg?
a)	Figurehead roles
b)	Interpersonal roles
c)	Information roles
d)	Decision roles
4	Manager is responsible for activities of his/her
a)	Employee
b)	Ordinates
c)	Subordinates
d)	Supervisor
_	role involves receiving collecting of information and disturbing them as
5	required.
a)	Interpersonal
<u>b)</u>	Information
c)	Decisional
<u>d)</u>	Managerial
6	Decision roles include
<u>a)</u>	Negotiator
b)	Monitor
<u>c)</u>	Disseminator
<u>d)</u>	Spokesperson



7	According to Peter Drucker, is what the modern world is all about
a)	Controlling
b)	Management
c)	Directing
d)	Innovation
8	Administrative is also called as
(a)	Middle level management
b)	Top level management
c)	Low level management
d)	None of the above
9	Executive is also called as
a)	Top level management
b)	Low level management
c)	Middle level management
d)	None of the above
10	Supervisory is also called as
a)	Top level management
b)	Middle level management
c)	Low level management
d)	None of the above
11	Top management includes
a)	Superintendents
b)	Branch managers
c)	General foreman
d)	President
12	Which of the following does not belong to middle management?
a)	President
b)	General foreman
c)	Branch Managers
d)	Superintendents



	Middle management is concerned with implementation of policies and plans chalked
13	out by the
a)	Lower Management
b)	Top Management
c)	Upper middle Management
d)	None of the above
14	Top Management not belongs to
a)	Board of directors
b)	Managing directors
c)	Chief executive
d)	Branch Manager
15	Lower management includes
a)	President
b)	Foreman
c)	Managing directors
d)	Chief executive
16	Operating force does not include
a)	Workers
b)	Rank and file workman
c)	Skilled workers
d)	Employee
17	is the function of management.
a)	Organizing
b)	Managing
c)	Execution
d)	None of the above
18	Identification of activities is the part of which management function?
a)	Planning
b)	Organizing
c)	Directing
<u>d)</u>	Controlling



19	Which of the following is not the element of direction?
a)	Supervision
b)	Motivation
c)	Authority
d)	Leadership
	•
20	is one of the managerial skills.
a)	Technical skill
b)	Managing skill
c)	communication skill
d)	none of the above
21	is not the element of managerial skills.
a)	Conceptual skill
b)	Human relation skill
c)	Technical skill
d)	Communication skill
22	is related with the purchase of various materials required by the
22	organization.
a)	Material management
b)	Taxation
c)	Costing
d)	Purchasing
	involves giving information about products to buyers through different
23	media.
a)	Marketing
b)	Costing
c)	Advertising
d)	Financial accounting
24	The managerial function of organizing may be called as the .
a)	Process of managing
b)	Process of controlling
c)	Process of management
d)	None of the above
. /	



25	Lower manager is also called as .
t	
a)	Inspector
b)	Director
c)	Supervisor
<u>d)</u>	Foreman
26	
26	Executory level is nothing but the
<u>a)</u>	Middle level management
<u>b)</u>	Top level management
c)	Lower level management
<u>d)</u>	None of the above
27	Which term best describes the process of obtaining, deploying, and utilizing a variety of essential resources to contribute to an organization's success?
	Planning
a) b)	Organizing
/	
c) d)	Staffing
<u>a)</u>	Management
28	Which title is given to an individual who is in charge of and coordinates the activities of a group of employees engaged in related activities within a unit of an organization?
a)	Manager
b)	Employee
c)	Vender
d)	Contractor
T (	
	Which management function involves setting goals and objectives and creating specific
29	plans for completing them ?
a)	Planning
b)	Organizing
c)	Controlling
<u>d)</u>	Leading
20	Which level of management is responsible for establishing a vision for the organization,
30	developing broad plans and strategies, and directing subordinate managers?
a)	First level managers
b)	Middle level managers
c)	Executive mangers
d)	Second level managers



Which level of management is responsible for implementing programs that are in	. 1 1 .
31 carry out the broader objectives of an organization set by executives?	ntended to
a) Supervisory managers	
b) Middle managers	
c) First level managers	
d) Chief financial managers	
Which management principle states that easy to individual should report to only order to avoid conflict and/or confusion?	one boss in
a) Division of command	
b) Chain of command	
c) Unity of command	
d) Unit of direction	
Which management principle states that orders instructions should flow down fr bottom form a higher level manager to a lower one?	om top to
a) Division of work	
b) Chain of command	
c) Unity of direction	
d) Unity of command	
A manager who possesses knowledge of the processes, equipment, and potential of an industry would possess what type of managerial skill?	problems
a) Technical	
b) Administrative	
c) Interpersonal	
d) Organizational	
The ability of a manager to interface and work effectively with individuals and g descriptive of what type of managerial skill?	groups is
a) Technical	
b) Administrative	
c) Interpersonal	
d)	
	1.0.11
By exceeding the monthly marketing budget set for a company, a manager woul meet which type of performance measure?	d fail to
By exceeding the monthly marketing budget set for a company, a manager woul	d fail to
By exceeding the monthly marketing budget set for a company, a manager woul meet which type of performance measure?  a) Quantity  b) Quality and workmanship	d fail to
By exceeding the monthly marketing budget set for a company, a manager woul 36 meet which type of performance measure?  a) Quantity	d fail to



	If a manager leads a team to exceed their monthly goal of new clients, which type of
37	performance result shave they attained?
a)	Quantity
b)	Quality and workmanship
c)	Cost and budget control
d)	Customer satisfaction
38	For a manger, which should take priority- the job task or the employees performing the job?
a)	The job task always takes priority over employees.
b)	Employees always take priority over the job task
c)	Neither, a manager should balance interest in the job task with the needs of the employees performing the job.
d)	Neither, administration of the business takes priority over the job task and the employees.
20	Economic uncertainty, regulatory requirements, and new competitors are examples of what
39	type of factors that affect managers ?
a)	Interpersonal factors
b)	Internal factors
c)	Interpersonal factors
d)	External factors
	Which management function involves measuring results, comparing results to expectations,
40	and taking corrective action?
a)	Planning
b)	Organizing
c)	Leading
d)	Controlling
41	Which type of issues are first level managers routinely influenced by?
a)	Long range issues
b)	Short range issues
c)	Strategic issues
d)	Shareholder issues
42	Which of the following characterize a manager as being effective?
a)	They use a minimum amount of resources for the amount of outputs produced.
b)	They devote a large amount of time to planning
c)	They achieve their goals.
d)	They interview, select, and train people who are most suitable to fill open jobs.



43	Which of the following characterize a manager as being efficient?
a)	They use a minimum amount of resources for the amount of outputs produced.
b)	The devote a large amount of time to planning
c)	They achieve their goals
d)	They interview, select, and train people who are most suitable to fill open jobs.
	They make the the training seeper who are mean authorized to the epon journ
44	Which management principle states that work should be divided so that each person will perform as specialized portion?
a)	Division of work
b)	Chain of command
c)	Unity of direction
<u>d)</u>	Unity of command
45	What two major end results are managers seeking on a daily basis?
a)	A product or service
b)	Management and efficiency
c)	Energy and utilities
d)	Facilities and equipment
46	In management, the various roles that managers are called on to perform are defined in which process?
a)	Management process
b)	Executive process
c)	Business process
d)	Supervisory process
47	Which types of managers are responsible for reporting to middle managers?
a)	Employees
b)	Managers
c)	Executive managers
d)	Second level managers
10	Which part of the management process includes measuring results, comparing results to
48	expectations, and taking corrective action to bring results in to line?
a)	Planning
<u>b)</u>	Organizing
	T and in a
(c)	Leading Controlling



	Which influential thought leader is known for his common sense approach to self-
	improvement and demonstrated through the book he authored, How to Win Friends and
49	Influence People?
a)	Dale Carngie
b)	Frederick W. Taylor
c)	W. Edwards Deming
d)	Steven Covey
50	Which influential thought leader is known as the father of scientific management?
a)	Dale Carngie
b)	Frederick W. Taylor
c)	W. Edwards Deming
d)	Peter F. Drucker
- 1	The term "core competency", was coined by which of the following influential business
51	thinkers?
a)	W. Edwards Deming
b)	C.K. Prahalad
c)	Ken Blanchard
d)	Frederick W. Taylor
52	Which influential thought leader known as his theory on organisational form?
a)	John Maxwell
b)	Tom J. Peters
c)	Henry Mintzberg
d)	John P. Kotter
	The shility of a managenta intenface and weath offsetively with individuals and groups is
53	The ability of a manager to interface and work effectively with individuals and groups is descriptions of what type of managerial skill?
a)	Technical
b)	Administrative
c)	Interpersonal
d)	Organizational
<i>a,</i>	
54	Which type of managers are responsible for reporting to middle managers?
a)	Employees
b)	Managers
c)	Executive managers
d)	Second level managers
ω,	



	In management, the various roles that managers are called on to perform as defined in
55	which process ?
a)	Management process
<u>b)</u>	Executive process
c)	Supervisory process
d)	Business process
	Which management function involves setting goals and objectives and creating specific
56	plans for completing them?
a)	Planning
b)	Controlling
c)	Organizing
d)	Leading
57	Which of the following characterize a manager as being effective?
a)	They use a minimum amount of resources for the amount of outputs produced.
b)	They interview, select, and train people who are most suitable to fill open jobs.
c)	They achieve their goals
d)	They devote a large amount of time to planning
	Which management principle states that work should be divide so that each person will
58	perform as specialized portion?
a)	Unity of direction
b)	Chain of command
c)	Division of work
d)	Unity of command



## WHY V2V?

- 2 Teacher Advantage
- ◆ Free Courses worth Rs. 20000/- ◆ Computer Lab
- Industry Expert Facility

  Digital Classroom
- Digital Classroom

- E-learning App
- Practical Teaching approach
- 100% Job Assistance

## **FEATURES**

- One To One Counseling
- 100% Scoring Assistance
- Msbte Question Paper Solution
- E-books
- Vimp Question Bank
- Free Learning Material (V2V App)





- © 93720 72139
- © 93260 50669
- v2vedtech.com



Unit 2: Planning and Organizing at Supervisory Level

1	Following are the physical resources.
a)	Man
b)	Machine
c)	Material
d)	All
2	This is concept in manpower planning.
a)	Matching needs of customer with business
b)	Matching quality with quantity
c)	Matching human needs with job needs
d)	All are wrong
3	Supervisor is
a)	Engineer
b)	Manager
c)	Team Leader
d)	All of the above
4	Who plan capacity of machine?
a)	Operator
b)	Supervisor
c)	CEO
d)	Quality Inspector
5	Cycle time is concerned with
<u>a)</u>	Automobile
b)	Operator's work
c)	Machine and Process
<u>d)</u>	Time office
_	
6	What are the advantages of prescribing standard forms in planning?
a)	Systematic planning
b)	Standardization
c)	Factual information
d)	All of the above



7	Which information is not necessary in Raw material acceptance form?
a)	Quantity
b)	None of Material
c)	Cycle Time
d)	Inspected by
8	Which information is not necessary in job description?
a)	Job Name
b)	Cycle time
c)	Operations
d)	All
9	Machine load chart is not doing this
a)	Check the feasibility of production programmes
b)	Assist the efficient planning
c)	Training of operators
d)	Fixing of reliable delivery promises
1.0	is a financial statement prepared and approved prior to a defined period of
10	time.
a)	Audit
<u>b)</u>	control charts
c)	Budget
d)	Order of payment
	is an instrument of management used in planning, programming and
11	control of business financial activity.
a)	Inspection
b)	Budget
c)	Quality
d)	Audit
12	means forecasting and preplanning with reference to finance.
a)	Budget
b)	Audit
c)	control
d)	Inspection
,	•



13	Following is not the information needed for planning at supervisory level.
a)	Number of jobs to be done
b)	Time expectation
c)	Profile margin
d)	Sequence of operations
14	Following is not done planning by supervisor.
a)	Selection of machines
b)	Assigning workers
c)	Allocate time for operations
d)	Marketing products
15	What are the important information's to supervisor while planning?
a)	Quantity of jobs
b)	Delivery time
c)	Quality standards
d)	All
16	While selecting machines, what kind of information is not necessary to supervisor?
a)	Total machines
b)	Cycle time
c)	Operations required
d)	Maintenance standards
1-	
17	While allocating work to workers what information is not important?
<u>a)</u>	Qualification
<u>b)</u>	Skills
c)	Abilities
<u>d</u> )	Specialities
10	In alamain a
18	In planning  1 Deschaduling must not be availed.
	1.Rescheduling must not be avoided     2.If needed, do rescheduling
a)	Only 1 correct
b)	Only 2 correct
c)	Both correct
d)	Both wrong
<u> </u>	Dour wrong



19	While planning which parameters does supervisor observe.
a)	Schedule
b)	Oversight
(c)	Manpower
d)	All
20	1. Supervisor makes shot-term planning.
	2. Mangers make long-term planning.
	3. Supervisor do scheduling of daily activities.
a)	Only 1 correct
b)	Only 2 correct
c)	All correct
d)	Both wrong
21	Supervisor is focussed in planning.
a)	Completely
b)	Internally
c)	Externally
d)	None of the above
	Supervisor plans budget on expenses and manager plans budget on
22	expenses.
<u>a)</u>	Small, Large
b)	Large, Small
c)	External, Internal
d)	Internal, External
23	Securing raw material from stores is the responsibility of
a)	Supervisor
b)	Line Manager  Divisions Manager
(c)	Purchase Manager  Matarial Manager
d)	Material Manager
24	What is the upward correct chronology?
	1. Worker, 2. Foreman, 3. Supervisor, 4. Manager, 5. Shift in charge, 6. Helper
a)	1-6-3-5-2-4
b)	6-1-3-2-5-4
c)	6-1-2-3-5-4
(d)	1-6-3-2-4-5



25	Safa warking andition is the responsibility of
25	Safe working condition is the responsibility of
	1.Worker, 2.Supplier, 3.Supervisor, 4.Manager, 5.Factory head, 6.Cusotmer
a)	2,3,4,5
b)	1,3,5,6
c)	1,2,3,4
d)	1,3,4,5
26	1. Planning of material is responsibility of supervisor.
	2. Planning of manpower is the responsibility of HR manager and not of supervisor.
a)	Only 1 is correct
b)	Only 2 is correct
c)	Both are correct
d)	Both are wrong
27	Following qualities are not required in organizing skills of supervisor.
a)	Decision making
b)	Financial knowledge
c)	Time management
d)	Planning
28	When there is change in technology
a)	plan fails
b)	plan has to be modified
c)	plan must be rescheduled
d)	All of the above
29	When emergency situation comes
a)	Continue previous planning
b)	Change the situation
c)	Change the plan
d)	None of the above
30	Good relation in group helps to
a)	Increase comfort level
b)	Closeness
c)	Friendship
d)	Only (a) is more correct
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •



31	Planning by supervisor is .
31	Interdependent process
	2. A continuous process
	3. Integration of various activities
	4. Looking into past
- 2)	1 and 2 correct
a)	2 and 3 correct
b)	
c)	1,2 and 3 correct 2,3 and 4 correct
d)	2,5 and 4 correct
22	
32	Supervisor can delegate his task to
	1, Foreman 2. Worker
g.	3. Colleagues
	4. Senior manager
a)	1 and 2 only
b)	1 and 3 only
c)	2 and 4 only
d)	1,2 and 3
33	Cumowison organizes
33	Supervisor organizes  1. Man
	2. Machine
	3. Material
	4. Money
6)	5. Work orders
a) b)	Only 1,2,5
c)	Only 1,3,5 Only 1,2,3
d)	All
(u)	All
34	Supervisor fails to plan if
a)	He is not dynamic
	·
b)	He is not popular
۱ م ۱	He is not senion
(c)	He is not senior  He is not educated



	describes one of the concepts, that is crucial for the smooth of an
35	organization Name the concept
a)	Planning
b)	Management
c)	Co-ordination Co-ordination
d)	None of the above
	In which step of the planning process, the best and most feasible plan will be chosen
36	to be implemented ?
a)	Selecting an alternative
b)	Evaluating alternative course of action
c)	Setting up objectives
<u>d)</u>	Developing Premises
2.5	
37	In which step of the planning pros and cons of each alternative is examined?
a)	Setting up objectives
<u>b)</u>	Evaluating alternative course of action
c)	Selecting an alternative premises
d)	Developing premises
20	Discoving in the
38	Planning is the
a)	Primary/First function of the manager  The last function of the manager
b)	The last function of the manager  Path (a) and (b)
c) d)	Both (a) and (b)
u)	None of the chave
	None of the above
30	
39	Making assumptions for future is called
a)	Making assumptions for future is called
a) b)	Making assumptions for future is called  Making policy  Making derivative plan
a) b) c)	Making assumptions for future is called
a) b)	Making assumptions for future is called  Making policy  Making derivative plan
a) b) c)	Making assumptions for future is called
a) b) c)	Making assumptions for future is called
a) b) c) d)	Making assumptions for future is called
a) b) c) d)	Making assumptions for future is called
a) b) c) d) 40 a)	Making assumptions for future is called



41	The plan which includes objective, policy, procedure, and rule, is called .
a)	Budget
b)	Programme
c)	Strategy
<u>d)</u>	All of the options are correct
	*
42	Standardized way in which a task has to be performed is called
a)	Procedure
b)	Strategy
c)	Policy
d)	Method
1,0	The sequence of steps or actions to be taken to enforce a policy and attain a
43	predetermined objective is called
a)	Objective
<u>b)</u>	Policy
c)	Strategy
d)	Procedure
	Organizations' own customised way of handling problems or making decisions is
44	called .
a)	Budget
b)	Policy
c)	Rule
d)	Strategy
N	
	Supervisor has to advise troubled employee to improve his performance. Which
45	function of management heist performing?
a)	Motivation
<u>b)</u>	Personal counselling
c)	Communication
<u>d)</u>	Controlling
16	
46	Following are the methods to improve discipline except  Effectively communicate the rules and policies to all employees and the penalties to
(a)	be inflicted for breaking the rules.
b)	positively motivate the employees.
c)	Separating or removing the employee from the pay roll
d)	Give rewards and recognition to disciplined employees
L 4)	orre remards and recognition to disciplined employees



	is a conclusion of a process by which one chooses between two or more
47	available alternative courses of action for the purpose of attaining goals.
a)	Organizing
b)	Decision making
c)	Controlling
d)	Designing
48	Information passes through the foreman
a)	Vertically Upward
b)	Vertically Downward
c)	Both (a) and (b)
d)	None of the above
	is the person who actually gives practical shape to the policies of the
49	enterprise with the help of workmen.
a)	Foreman/Supervisor
b)	Gang Manager
c)	Speed manager
d)	First Manager
50	is the vital link or mediator between management and worker.
a)	Supervisor
b)	Gang Manager
c)	Speed manager
d)	First Manager
	is a generally designated by supervisor (in most of the industries) is a
	person in charge of and co-ordination of, the activities of the group of workers
51	engaged in a one type of task.
a)	First link manager
<u>b)</u>	Foreman
<u>c)</u>	Time keeper
d)	Gang manger
52	Controlling function of an organization is
a)	Forward looking
b)	Backward looking
c)	Forward as well as backward
(d)	None of the above



ent



59	Which of the following three factors affects an employee's motivation?
a)	Attitude, interests and needs
b)	Attitude, interests and salary
c)	Attitude, interests and working conditions
d)	Attitude, needs and salary
60	The upper limit of employees or subordinates a supervisor can effectively manage is called
a)	Span of control
b)	Span of manpower
c)	Span of organization
d)	Span of function
61	Supervisors have the tendency to spend most of their time on which of the following function?
a)	Directing
b)	Planning
c)	Staffing
d)	Controlling
	Co-ordaining people and human resources to accomplish organizational goals is the
62	process of
a)	Planning
b)	Directing
c)	Management
d)	T 1 1:
	Leadership
62	
63	The most effective leader is one who
a)	The most effective leader is one who makes managerial decisions without consulting others
a) b)	The most effective leader is one who makes managerial decisions without consulting others works with managers and employees to make decisions
a) b) c)	The most effective leader is one who makes managerial decisions without consulting others works with managers and employees to make decisions has the leadership style most appropriate to the situation and the employee involved
a) b)	The most effective leader is one who makes managerial decisions without consulting others works with managers and employees to make decisions
a) b) c)	The most effective leader is one who makes managerial decisions without consulting others works with managers and employees to make decisions has the leadership style most appropriate to the situation and the employee involved
a) b) c) d)	The most effective leader is one who makes managerial decisions without consulting others works with managers and employees to make decisions has the leadership style most appropriate to the situation and the employee involved none of the above
a) b) c) d)	The most effective leader is one who makes managerial decisions without consulting others works with managers and employees to make decisions has the leadership style most appropriate to the situation and the employee involved none of the above  The control process is based on
a) b) c) d) 64 a)	The most effective leader is one who makes managerial decisions without consulting others works with managers and employees to make decisions has the leadership style most appropriate to the situation and the employee involved none of the above  The control process is based on disciplinary action



	Top management decision making for the purpose of controlling is distinctively
65	characterized by
a)	more uncertainly and less reliance on judgment
b)	more uncertainly and greater reliance on judgment
c)	less uncertainly and greater reliance on judgment
d)	less uncertainly and less reliance on judgment
66	Following are the ways to elaborate decisions.
a)	Write on notice board
b)	In written format
c)	In meetings
d)	all of the above







# **V2V EDTECH LLP**

DIPLOMA ● ENGINEERING ● BSCIT/CS

We have taught 50000+ students online and offline over one decade to help them clear their board exams.

THE BEST **DIPLOMA / ENGINEERING CLASSES** IN MUMBAI

50 STUDENTS ABOVE 90% 100 STUDENTS

**ABOVE 85%** 

200

STUDENTS ABOVE 80%

THE BEST DIPLOMA / ENGINEERING CLASSES IN MUMBAI



Unit 3: Directing and Controlling at Supervisory Level

i i	Unit 3: Directing and Controlling at Supervisory Level
1	Coordinating people and human resources to accomplish organizational goals is the process of
a)	Management
b)	Directing
c)	Planning
d)	Leadership
2	Empowerment is related to
a)	Planning
b)	Organizing
c)	Controlling
d)	Directing
3	Directing and controlling are the
a)	Result of Management
b)	Goals of Management
c)	Function of Management
d)	All
4	Budgetary control requires the preparation of
a)	Training schedule
b)	Responsibilities centre
c)	Budgets
d)	Network diagram
5	Supervisory management spends most of his/her time in
a)	Planning and controlling
b)	Directing and controlling
c)	Planning and organizing
d)	Organizing and controlling
6	Which of the following would be included in the "controlling function"?
a)	Measuring results against corporate objectives
b)	Giving assignments
c)	Setting standards Explaining routines
d)	



7	is deciding in advance what to do and how to do.
a)	Organizing
b)	Controlling
c)	Planning
d)	Directing
8	Which is the first most essential function of management?
a)	Planning
b)	Controlling
c)	none of these
d)	Organising
9	Planning is
a)	Goal-oriented Goal-oriented
b)	Objective oriented
c)	Both A and B
d)	None
10	are goals, they are aims which management wish organizations to achieve.
a)	Goals
b)	Objectives
c)	Activities
d)	None of these
	A clear statement of purpose universally understood is the outstanding guarantee of
11	effective
a)	Communication
b)	Process
c)	None
d)	Execution
12	approach is essentially one-way and it is called an authoritarian approach.
a)	Modern
b)	Traditional
c)	Conventional
d)	Specific



13	are a guide to decision making.
a)	Procedures
b)	Policies
c)	Activities
d)	None of these
14	are units for measuring one or more aspects of performance.
a)	Rules
b)	Standards
c)	Quantity
d)	All
15	are a guide to action only.
a)	Procedures
b)	Policies
c)	Activities
d)	None of these
16	Standard operating procedures and methods evolve considerable use of way under scientific management.
a)	wo best
b)	Three best
c)	One best
d)	None
17	Which budget includes spending data items?
a)	Revenue
b)	Project
c)	Flexibility
d)	Expenditure
18	Which of the following is not the type of budget?
a)	Revenue
b)	Project
c)	Flexibility
d)	Activity



	is the managerial function of guiding nursing and reading people to the
19	attainment of objectives ?
a)	Controlling
b)	Direction
c)	Organising
d)	
20	Which among the following is not an element of direction?
a)	Supervision
b)	Organising
c)	Motivation
d)	Leadership
21	Which among the following statement relating to leadership is false?
a)	Leadership is a process of influence
b)	Leadership is a goal oriented
c)	Leadership is a bossing
d)	a leader must have followers
22	Which among the following is not a quality for a leader?
a)	Charming personality
b)	Ability to take decision
c)	Communication skill
d)	Lazy attitude
23	Which type of leader allow complete delegation of authority?
a)	Creative leaders
b)	Persuasive leaders
c)	Laissez faire leaders
d)	Intellectual leaders
24	Under which style of leadership the leader completely delegate the authority to the
24	subordinates?
a)	Free rein leadership
b)	Paternalistic leadership
c)	Participative leadership
d)	Authoritarian leadership



	Whish among the following is not a style of grid in the managerial grid by Blake and
25	Mouton?
a)	Task management
b)	Middle road
c)	Country club
d)	Innovation management
26	Which leadership Theory suggest that "leaders are born not made"?
a)	Trait theory
b)	Situational theory
c)	Great man theory
d)	Behavioural theory
27	Which among the following is a characteristics of motivation?
a)	Internal feeling
b)	Simple process
c)	One time process
d)	Not a goal oriented process
28	Which among the following is not in the 5 types of needs proposed by Maslow?
a)	Psychological needs
b)	Social needs
c)	Esteem needs
d)	Safety needs
29	Which theory explains that there are two separate factors influence motivation?
a)	Adam's Equity theory.
b)	Maslow's need hierarchy theory
c)	Herzberg's hygiene theory
<u>d)</u>	McGregor's Theory X and Theory Y
20	
30	is the point at which there is no profit or no loss?
a)	Maximum profit point
b)	Minimum loss point
c)	Breakeven point
<u>d)</u>	Break down point



31	The heart of management is
a)	Planning
b)	Organising
c)	Directing
d)	Controlling
32	Which among the following is not an element of direction
a)	Motivation
b)	Communication
c)	Delegation
d)	Supervision
	The motivation theory which classifies need in hierarchical order is developed by
33	
a)	Fred Luthans
b)	Scott
c)	Abraham Maslow
d)	Peter F. Drucker
34	Which of the following is a financial incentive?
a)	Promotion
b)	Stock incentive
c)	Job security
d)	Employees participation
35	Which of the following is not an element of communication
a)	Decoding
b)	Communication
c)	Channel
d)	Receiver
26	
36	Grapevine is
a)	Formal Communication
b)	Lateral Communication
c)	Informal Communication
d)	Barrier Communication



a) Safety needs b) Belongingness need c) Self-actualisation need d) Prestige need  38 Ability of a leader to look things from others point of view is a) Empathy b) Sympathy c) Responsibility d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	37	The highest level need in the need hierarchy of Abraham Maslow
c) Self-actualisation need d) Prestige need  38 Ability of a leader to look things from others point of view is a) Empathy b) Sympathy c) Responsibility d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	a)	Safety needs
d) Prestige need  38 Ability of a leader to look things from others point of view is  a) Empathy b) Sympathy c) Responsibility d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	b)	Belongingness need
38 Ability of a leader to look things from others point of view is  a) Empathy b) Sympathy c) Responsibility d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	c)	Self-actualisation need
a) Empathy b) Sympathy c) Responsibility d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	d)	Prestige need
a) Empathy b) Sympathy c) Responsibility d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking		
b) Sympathy c) Responsibility d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	38	Ability of a leader to look things from others point of view is
c) Responsibility d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	a)	Empathy
d) Apathy  39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	b)	Sympathy
39 Find the odd one out a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	c)	Responsibility
a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	d)	Apathy
a) Leadership b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking		
b) Co-ordination c) Communication d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	39	Find the odd one out
c) Communication  d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	a)	Leadership
d) Supervision  40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	b)	Co-ordination
40 Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	c)	Communication
a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	d)	Supervision
a) Democratic leadership b) Autocratic leadership c) Laissez-faire leadership d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking		
b) Autocratic leadership  c) Laissez-faire leadership  d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to  a) Accomplished organisational objectives  b) Boosts employees morale  c) Judges accuracy of standards  d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is  a) Forward looking  b) Backward looking  c) Forward as well as backward looking	40	Leadership style which takes decisions with subordinate is
c) Laissez-faire leadership  d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to  a) Accomplished organisational objectives  b) Boosts employees morale  c) Judges accuracy of standards  d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is  a) Forward looking  b) Backward looking  c) Forward as well as backward looking	a)	Democratic leadership
d) Paternalistic leadership  41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	b)	Autocratic leadership
41 An efficient control system helps to a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	c)	Laissez-faire leadership
a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	d)	Paternalistic leadership
a) Accomplished organisational objectives b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking		
b) Boosts employees morale c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	41	An efficient control system helps to
c) Judges accuracy of standards d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	a)	Accomplished organisational objectives
d) All of the above  42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	b)	Boosts employees morale
42 Controlling function of management is a) Forward looking b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	c)	Judges accuracy of standards
<ul><li>a) Forward looking</li><li>b) Backward looking</li><li>c) Forward as well as backward looking</li></ul>	d)	All of the above
<ul><li>a) Forward looking</li><li>b) Backward looking</li><li>c) Forward as well as backward looking</li></ul>		
b) Backward looking c) Forward as well as backward looking	42	Controlling function of management is
c) Forward as well as backward looking	a)	Forward looking
c) Forward as well as backward looking	b)	Backward looking
1) 27 0.1	c)	Forward as well as backward looking
d) None of these	d)	None of these



43	Directing and controlling are the
a)	Results of management
b)	Goals of management
c)	Functions of management
d)	All of the above.
u)	All of the above.
	Coordinating people and human resources to accomplish organizational goals is the
44	process of
a)	Management
b)	Directing
c)	Planning
d)	Leadership
45	Which of the following would be included in the "controlling function"?
a)	Giving assignment
b)	Setting standards
c)	Measuring results against corporate objectives
d)	Explaining routines
46	The most effective leader is one who:
a)	Makes managerial decisions without consulting others
b)	Has the leadership style most appropriate to the situation and the employee involved.
c)	Works with managers and employees to make decisions
d)	None of the above
47	Empowerment is related to:
a)	Planning
b)	Organizing
c)	Controlling
d)	Directing
48	Supervisory management spends most of his/her time:
a)	Planning and controlling
b)	Directing and controlling
c)	Planning and organizing
d)	Organizing and controlling



	Which management function involves measuring results, comparing results to
49	expectations, and taking corrective action?
a)	Planning
b)	Organizing
c)	Leading
d)	Controlling
50	An efficient control system helps to
a)	Accomplishes organisational objectives
b)	judges accuracy of standards
c)	Boosts employee morale
d)	all of the above
51	Management audit is a technique to keep a check on the performance of
a)	Company
b)	Customers
c)	Shareholders
d)	Management of the company
52	An example of an effective standard for a control system would be:
	Planning to increase sales of product XYZ from 2,000 to 4,000 per month by
a)	December of next year
b)	Deciding to hire 5 new employees
c)	Improving the quality of production
d)	Renting new premises
53	Budgetary control requires the preparation of
a)	Training schedule
<u>b)</u>	Responsibility centres
c)	Budgets
<u>d)</u>	Network diagram
<u> </u>	
54	Which of the following is not application to responsibility accounting?
a)	cost centre
<u>b)</u>	Accounting centre
<u>c)</u>	Profit centre
<u>d</u> )	Investment centre





## **OUR TOPPERS - DIPLOMA**



**Aayush Pandey** 98.47% TY Diploma S.S. Jondhale Amb.



**Pranay Sanap** 96.24% TY Diploma **GPT Thane** 



95.77% TY Diploma S.S. Jondhale Amb.



Shreya Gharat 94.93% TY Diploma **GPT Thane** 



94.71% TY Diploma **GPT Thane** 



94.35% TY Diploma **GPT Thane** 



94.35% SY Diploma VAPM Almala



94.33% TY Diploma GPT Sakoli



**Gauray More** 94% TY Diploma Vidyalankar Poly.



93.88% TY Diploma AISSMS Poly.



93.78% TY Diploma SRCOE



Nikhil Gupta Guruprasad Badhe Rohit Nikam 93.56% TY Diploma Gopinathji Munde Poly.



# Mo - 9326050669 / 9372072139 Management (TY Diploma Sem 6) Unit 4: Safety Management

1	Which of the following is not the economic reason for ensuring safe workspace.
a)	Reduce accidents
b)	Insurance
c)	Improved employee relations
d)	Reduced cost
2	Employees have a right to work in a safe and healthy environment.
a)	Legal
b)	Illegal
c)	Prior
d)	None of above
3	Who has a duty to maintain a safe workplace?
a)	Employee
b)	Employer
c)	Worker
d)	Manager
4	safety is very important for each and every employee in the industry.
a)	Industry
b)	workplace
c)	individual
d)	All
	If the measure are not applied then the accident may result into direct and
5	indirect cost.
a)	legal
b)	safety
c)	economic
<u>d)</u>	environmental
6	Each shop supervisor may report to as regards safety matters.
a)	Top executive
<u>b)</u>	Executive
<u>c)</u>	Lower executive
d)	Manager



7	Shop supervisor may treat safety as aaspect.
a)	Primary
b)	Secondary
c)	Non considerable
d)	Prior
	Which director/ manager may be given a line position or staff position depending
8	upon the conditions in the industry ?
a)	Safety
b)	Deputy
c)	Тор
<u>d)</u>	None
9	Who appoints the management members of the safety committee?
a)	Employee
b)	Top executive
c)	Manager
d)	Employer
10	A safety committee may consists of executives, shop floor workers and
a)	Employees
b)	Employers
c)	Supervisors
d)	All of the above
, ,	On which level, the lower level employees get a channel of communication on safety
11	matters directly.
a)	Top
b)	Lower
c)	Executive
d)	Middle
	It was observed that those organizations which made safety committees
12	had record of accidents than those without safety committees.
a)	Higher
b)	Lower
c)	Equal
-	



	Which of the following management is an integral part of an organizations
13	responsibilities?
a)	Economic
b)	Employee
c)	Safety
d)	All of above
14	Thestatement will give direction to the management.
a)	Strategy
b)	Functions
c)	Safety policy
d)	none
15	Who is responsible for the implementation of safe methods and practices?
a)	Organization
b)	Planning
c)	Management
d)	Employer
16	Whose health and safety takes priority to the job or task to be accomplished?
a)	Employer
b)	Manager
c)	Workers
d)	Executive
17	If a job cannot to done in a safe method, the job should not be
a)	Allocate
b)	Taken
c)	Attempted
d)	Recognize
18	Industry units factories are often thought of asplaces to work.
a)	Safe
b)	Dangerous
c)	Efficient
d)	None of above



19	The success of any safety program relies on
a)	Importance of safety
b)	Safety policy
c)	Planning
d)	All
20	Which type of fire involves liquid materials of an organic nature?
a)	Class A
b)	Class B
c)	Class C
d)	Class D
21	Which type of fire involves electricity?
a)	Class A
b)	Class B
c)	Class C
d)	Class D
22	The supervisor in the company is referred as
a)	Foreman
b)	Manager
c)	Executive
d)	Employer
23	The safety norms for are similar to that many other industries.
a)	Factories
b)	Institutes
c)	Organizations
d)	Committee
24	Who are the workers in the company?
a)	Managers
b)	Employers
c)	Employees
d)	Executives



25	Which prevention is significant in industry?
a)	Safety
b)	Disease
c)	Hazards
d)	Accident
26	Who has various responsibilities for effective industrial safety management in order to prevent the occurrence of accident?
a)	Employee
b)	Manager
c)	Employer
d)	Forman
27	Who is charged with the responsibilities of preventing accidents?
a)	Safety officer
b)	Foreman
c)	Employer
d)	Employee
28	is a chemical reaction that takes place when a material oxidizes rapidly.
a)	Hazard
b)	Safety
c)	Accident
d)	Fire
29	Which type of fire involves flammable metals of an organic nature?
a)	Class A
b)	Class B
c)	Class C
d)	Class D
30	Which type of fire involves solid materials of an organic nature?
a)	Class A
b)	Class B
c)	Class C
d)	Class D



	procedure is a step by step description of a process when deviation may cause a
31	loss.
a)	Fire work
b)	Safe work
c)	Permit
d)	None
32	is an act of been free from harm and danger.
a)	Accident
b)	Fire
c)	Safety
d)	Awareness
33	The safety function is taken care of byofficer.
a)	Executive
b)	Foreman
c)	Management
d)	Personal
	Which types of accidents have great effect on the employees, employer and nation
34	economy?
a)	Industrial
b)	Fire
c)	Transportation
d)	All
35	Which of the following fire material comes under class D?
a)	Liquids
b)	Wood
c)	Magnesium
d)	All of above
36	Which of the following fire material comes under class A?
a)	Wood
b)	Petrol
c)	Aluminium
1	Aluminium
d)	Sodium



37	Policy formulation is the function of
a)	Top level management
b)	Middle level management
c)	Operational level management
d)	All of the above
38	A safety programme consists of
a)	Three E's
b)	Four E's
c)	Five E's
d)	Six E's
39	The following is indirect cost of accident
a)	Money paid for treatment of worker
b)	Compensation paid to worker
c)	Cost of lost time of injured worker
d)	All of the above
40	Which of these is most likely to cause an accident in a workplace?
a)	Administration
b)	Manual handling
c)	Adequate lighting
d)	Excessive noise
41	The safe way of working is
a)	An effective and right way of working
b)	An ancient way of working
c)	A way of handling the work in a hurry
d)	A way of normal working
12	
42	In case of an accident, the victim should immediately be
a)	Asked to take rest
b)	Enquired about the accident
<u>c)</u>	Attended to
d)	Left to himself without treatment



43	Which of the following is not a principle duty of an employer?
a)	To provide adequate supervision of work practices
b)	To give necessary instruction and training to employees.
c)	To provide meals at break times free of charge
d)	To provide and maintain workplaces, machinery and equipment which are safe and without risk to health as is reasonably practicable.
l	
44	To purpose of a Permit-To-Work is to
a)	Ensure that potentially dangerous work is done safely
b)	Ensure that only competent workers undertake the job.
c)	Ensure that the correct tools and equipment are used on a job.
<u>d)</u>	Ensure that emergency procedures are in place.
45	Industrial safety management if that branch of management which is concerned with hazards from the industries.
a) b)	Reducing Controlling
c) d)	Eliminating All of the above
<u>a)</u>	All of the above
46	The following is indirect cost of accident
a)	Money paid for treatment of worker
b)	Compensation paid to worker
c)	Cost of lost time of injured worker
d)	All of the above
(a)	Third the doore
47	Class-A fire consists of fire due to .
a)	Wood
b)	Oil
c)	Transformer
d)	Chemical
,	
48	Water is used to extinguish
a)	Class-A fires
b)	Class-B fires
c)	Class-C fires
d)	all of the above



	<u> Management (11 Dipionia Seni 0)</u>
49	The following class of fire occur in electrical equipment
a)	Class-A fires
b)	Class-B fires
c)	Class-C fires
d)	All of the above
50	is best suited to extinguishing oil or flammable liquid fire.
a)	Soda acid
b)	Vaporizing liquid
c)	Foam
d)	Dry chemical
51	The following extinguisher is suitable for cotton or other textile fire
a)	Water
b)	Soda acid
c)	Foam
d)	Dry chemicals





# **OUR TOPPERS - DIPLOMA**



Srushti Pedekar 93.44% SY Diploma Samarth Poly. Belhe



**Arnay Kale** 93.44% TY Diploma S.S. Jondhale Amb.



93.33% TY Diploma S.S. Jondhale Amb.



93.33% TY Diploma VPMS Poly.



93.11% TY Diploma Logmiier



92.94% TY Diploma VPMS Poly.



92.89% TY Diploma S.S. Jondhale Amb.



**Mohit Rohra** 92.78% TY Diploma S.S. Jondhale Amb.



92.71% TY Diploma Bharati Vidyapeeth



92.56% TY Diploma **GPT Thane** 



92.56% TY Diploma **GPT Thane** 



92,47% TY Diploma **GPT Thane** 



#### Mo - 9326050669 / 9372072139 <u>Management (TY Diploma Sem 6)</u> *Unit 5: Legislative Act*

1	Industrial Acts are useful for
a)	Guarantee of employee welfare
b)	Provision of legal platform
c)	Removes extortion of workers
d)	All of these
2	Indian Factory Act is passed in
a)	1935
b)	1947
c)	1948
d)	1976
3	Major amendments done in Factory Act in
a)	1948
b)	1952
c)	1976
d)	1991
4	Adolescent is a person of the age between
a)	15-18 years
b)	18-21 years
c)	21-25 years
d)	58-61 years
5	One canteen should be provided at least per workers in a factory.
a)	100
b)	150
c)	200
d)	250
	Crèches should be provided when there are more than female workers of
6	their kids of age belowyears.
a)	30, 6
<u>b)</u>	25, 6
<u>c)</u>	25, 9
<u>d)</u>	100, 6



7	Day as per Factory Act is
a)	6 a.m. to 6 p.m.
b)	Period of 12 hours
c)	Period between 2 midnights
d)	None of the above
8	Week as per Factory Act is period between two
a)	Mondays
b)	Thursdays
c)	Sundays
d)	Saturdays
9	Factory using power as per Factory Act is as premise of minimum
a)	10 workers
b)	20 workers
c)	30 workers
d)	40 workers
	A Labour Welfare Officer is appointed in the factory as per Factory Act when the
10	workers.
a)	100
b)	300
c)	500
d)	1000
11	Rights of Labour Welfare Officer are given to
a)	Factory head
b)	Industry Minister
c)	State Government
d)	None
12	As per Factory Act painting should be done
a)	Once a year
b)	Twice a year
c)	Once in 3 years
d)	Once in 5 years



13	As per Factory Act, space required for a water is
a)	1000
b)	2000
c)	500
d)	750
14	Which is not included in "Wage" under Minimum Wages Act?
a)	Travelling allowance
b)	PF
c)	Gratuity
d)	All
15	As per Factory Act, one box of First Aid is provided for workers.
a)	100
b)	200
c)	150
d)	250
	One ambulance room should be provided in a factory employing more than
16	workers.
a)	200
b)	300
c)	400
d)	500
17	Child is a person of the age
a)	less than 10 years
b)	less than 15 years
c)	less than 8 years
d)	None of the above
18	Calendar year as per Factory Act is
a)	1st April to 30th March
b)	1st January to 31st December
c)	1st July to 30th June
d)	None of the above



19	Workman's Compensation Act is passed in
a)	1924
b)	1950
c)	1934
d)	1948
20	Who is incorrect person in the definition of Dependent?
a)	Wife
b)	Widowed mother
c)	Minor son
d)	Friend
21	Compensation is not extended to under Workman's Compensation Act.
a)	Workers covered under ESI Act
b)	Casual workers
c)	Wilful disobedience
d)	all the above
22	Employer has to do compensation under which case ?
a)	Injury caused by accident
b)	Any disablement/death after accident
c)	Injury caused during employment
d)	All the above
23	Minimum wages act is passed in
a)	1924
b)	1935
c)	1948
d)	1952
24	Drinking water must be away from latrine by metres.
a)	3
b)	6
c)	9
d)	12



25	"Advisory Board' concerned with 'Minimum Wages Act' is appointed by
a)	Factory head
b)	MIDC
c)	Appropriate Government
d)	None
26	Minimum wages which are fixed are declared by Government through
a)	Newspaper
b)	Magazine
c)	Official gazette
d)	All
27	What safety management can do?
a)	Accidents prevention
b)	Avoiding damage
c)	Safe conditions at workplace
d)	All
28	Accidents can be reduced to zero.
a)	Never possible
b)	May be possible
c)	Accidents cannot be reduced
d)	None
29	Fatal accident means
a)	Dangerous accident
b)	Accident due to unknown
c)	Death in accident
d)	None of the above
30	During welding
a)	Gloves are must
b)	Gum shoes are must
c)	Helmet is must
d)	Goggle is must



	Annual Communication of the Co
31	fitting clothes should not be allowed to work near machinery in motion.
a)	Tight
b)	Loose
c)	Both
d)	None
32	For sitting facilities, considerations must be followed.
a)	Aesthetic
b)	Economical
c)	Ergonomics
d)	None
33	In charge of Crèches must be
a)	Man
b)	Child
c)	Woman
d)	Any
34	boxes of first aid should be proved perworkers
a)	1250
<u>b)</u>	1150
c)	2250
d)	2150
2.5	
35	Materials of ropes, chains must be and with adequate
	-
u)	strong, ugit
36	Workman's compensation act is administered by
	C
35 a) b) c) d) 36 a) b) c)	Materials of ropes, chains must be and with adequate  tight, strength sound, tight sound, strength strong, tight  Workman's compensation act is administered by  State government Central government None Local self-government



	<u>wianagement (1 1 Dipionia Seni 0)</u>
	1. PF is included in minimum wages act.
37	2. Light bill is not included in minimum wages act.
a)	both 1 and 2 true
b)	both 1 and 2 false
c)	1 true, 2 false
d)	1 false, 2 true
38	Advisory board in minimum wages act is appointed by
a)	Company
b)	Appropriate government
c)	RBI
d)	None
	Independent persons in committees of minimum wages act do not exceed of the
39	total members.
a)	1/3
b)	2/3
c)	1/4
d)	None
40	When Industrial Disputes Act was introduced?
a)	1949
b)	1977
c)	1950
d)	1947
41	The issues between employer and employee are covered in
a)	Factory Act
b)	Workman Compensation Act
c)	Industrial Disputes Act
d)	Minimum Wages Act
42	What is meant by "Award" in Industrial Disputes Act?
a)	Prize
b)	Amount
c)	Certificate
d)	Decision



43	Average pay for monthly paid worker is payment of
a)	2 months
b)	3 months
c)	4 months
d)	6 months
44	Average pay for weekly paid worker is payment of
a)	1 week
b)	2 weeks
c)	3 weeks
d)	4 weeks
45	Average pay for daily paid worker is payment of
a)	30 days
b)	15 days
c)	12 days
d)	10 days
	1. Conflict between two workers.
46	2. Conflict between employer and employees
a)	Conflict between two workers
b)	Only (1) is industrial dispute
c)	Only (2) is industrial dispute
d)	Both cannot come under industrial disputes
47	Inability of employer to continue to employ workers is
a)	Layout
b)	Lockout
c)	Layoff
d)	Retrenchment
48	Reasons for layoff may be
a)	Shortage of funds
b)	
	Breakdown of machinery
c) d)	Breakdown of machinery Shortage of raw materials All the above



10	1. Layoff is a temporary phase
49	2. It is not the end
a)	Both (1) & (2) correct
<u>b)</u>	Only (1) is correct
<u>c)</u>	Only (2) is correct
d)	None
50	Lock out is
a)	Refusal to work by employees
b)	Termination of services
c)	Closing of a place of employment by employer
d)	Inability of employer to continue to employ workers
	Termination of the services of a worker by the employer for any reason other than
51	due to disciplinary actions
a)	Strike
b)	Layoff
c)	Retrenchment
d)	Settlement
	Under Minimum Wages Act, the appropriate Governments have the power to notify
52	any employment where number of employees are working in 'schedule of employment' to fix the rates of minimum wages.
a)	500 or more
b)	100 or more
c)	1000 or more
d)	250 or more
u)	230 of more
53	[1] Clerical worker is called workman
	[2] Supervisor is not called workman
a)	[1] Correct only
b)	[2] correct only
c)	Both correct
<u>d)</u>	Both incorrect
54	Works committee, courts of enquiry, industrial tribunals are associated with act.
a)	Factory
b)	Industrial disputes
c)	Minimum wages
d)	None of the above



55	In works committee are involved.
a)	Only workers
b)	Workers and employer both
c)	Only employer
d)	Government officials only
<u>u)</u>	Government officials only
56	In works committee .
a)	Workers are not less than that of employer.
b)	Employers are not less than that of workers
c)	Both are same
d)	None of the above
<u>u)</u>	None of the above
57	Conciliation office is appointed by .
a)	Union of workers
b)	Elected by employers
c)	an appropriate government
d)	None of the above
58	Chairman of Board of conciliation is .
a)	Independent person
b)	Appointed by government
c)	Both correct
d)	None of the above
59	Reports must be given by courts of enquiry within months.
a)	3
b)	6
c)	9
d)	2
	A district judge who may become presiding officer of labour court must have
60	experience more thanyears.
<u>a)</u>	1
b)	2
c)	3
d)	5



61	Industrial Tribunals are constituted for .
a)	Wages
b)	Hours of work
c)	Bonus
d)	All the above
62	For solving issues of national importance there are
a)	Industrial Tribunals
b)	National courts
c)	National Tribunals
d)	Labour courts
63	In which year did Factories Act come into force?
a)	23rd September,1948
b)	1st April, 1949
c)	4th April, 1949
d)	12th September, 1948
	How many days in advance does the occupier of a factory premises gives notice of
64	occupancy to the chief inspector?
a)	15 days
b)	20 days
c)	10 days
d)	25 days
	What are the general duties of an Occupier?
1	(A) Maintenance of a plant and system of work in factory are safe, without risks to health.
	(B) Ensure safety and absence of risks to health in, use handling, storage and
	transport of articles and substances.
	(C) Specifying the area.
65	(D) Defining the local mean time ordinarily deserved therein.
a)	D
b)	C
c)	Only A & B
d)	All of the above



	Management (1 Y Diploma Sem 6)
	Which provisions regarding health are mentioned in the section 11 to 20 in Factories
	Act?
	<ul><li>(A) Cleanliness</li><li>(B) Dust and fumes</li></ul>
66	<ul><li>(C) Ventilation and temperature</li><li>(D) Disposal of wastes</li></ul>
	` ′ •
a)	Only B &C
b)	Only A & D
c)	None of the above
d)	All of the above
<u> </u>	
	As per the Factories Act, after how many years should the factory premises be
67	pained and refurbished ?
a)	5 years
b)	2 years
c)	10 years
d)	Annually
68	As per section 2 in Factories Act, who will be called as an adult?
a)	A person who has completed 21 years of age
b)	A person who is less than 19 years of age
c)	A person who has completed 24 years of age
d)	A person who has completed 18 years of age
69	Section 2 (g) under the Factory Act defines
a)	Factory
b)	Manufacturing process
c)	Worker
d)	Occupants
	Madely 41 of Callegrain
	Match the following:
	1. Approval, licensing and registration of factories
	<ul><li>2. Arrangement for drinking water</li><li>3. Maintenance of buildings</li></ul>
70	4. Protection of eyes
a)	1 - (C), 2 - (a), 3 - (d), 4 - (b)
b)	1 - (b), 2 - (a), 3 - (d), 4 - (b) 1 - (b), 2 - (a), 3 - (d), 4 - (c)
c)	1 - (b), 2 - (d), 3 - (d), 4 - (c) 1 - (C), 2 - (d), 3 - (b), 4 - (a)
d)	1 - (c), 2 - (d), 3 - (d), 4 - (d) 1 - (a), 2 - (c), 3 - (d), 4 - (b)
u)	1 (u), 2 (v), 3 - (u), 7 - (v)



	If there are numbers of employees, then the employer has to provide a
71	canteen.
a)	250
<u>b)</u>	510
c)	320
d)	100
	As per section, 94, a person who repeats an offence, he shall be punishable with an
72	imprisonment for a term which may extent up to years and fine which shall not be less than Rs. 10,000 but which may extend up to or both.
	3 years/ Rs 2,00,000
a) b)	5 years/ Rs 1,20,000
c)	2 years/ Rs 2,50,000
d)	4 years/ Rs 3,00,000
1	If a company has number of employees, then the appointment of a safety
73	
a)	500
b)	100
c)	1000
d)	10000
,	
	Which of the following is an obligation of the employer is as mentioned in the
	Factories Act?
	(A) Provide wages for overtime, washing, first aid, canteens, crèches, rest and lunch
	rooms.
	(B) Applicable to all workers
1	(C) To prevent haphazard growth of factories through the provisions related to the approval of plans before the creation of a factory
	(D) To ensure adequate safety measures and to promote the health and welfare of the
74	workers employed in factories
a)	Only C
b)	Only A
c)	B, C and D
d)	All of the above
	Fitness certificate granted under "sub section 2" of the act is valid for how many
75	months?
a)	10 months
b)	6 months
c)	12 months
d)	24 months



	From the below mentioned options, which of the following is not mentioned under
76	the welfare provision in the factories act?
a)	Canteen
b)	Crèches
c)	Drinking water
d)	First aid
77	Which section of the act covers the topic annual leave with wages?
a)	Section 27
b)	Section 5
c)	Section 86
d)	Section 79
78	How many hours in a week can an adult work as per factories act?
a)	9 hours
b)	56 hours
c)	34 hours
d)	48 hours
79	Section 99 of Factories Act deals with which of the following options?
a)	Appeal
b)	Penalty for permitting double employment of a child
c)	Display of notice
d)	Penalty for obstructing inspectors
80	In which year did the Industrial Disputes Act come into operation?
a)	1947
b)	1949
c)	1953
d)	1963
<u> </u>	
81	To which settlement machinery can the central government refer the disputes under rule 81-A?
a)	Conciliation
b)	Arbitration
c)	Adjudicator
d)	Supreme Court



	Before the Industrial Disputes Act was implemented in the year 1947, which act took
82	care of the industrial disputes?
a)	Trade Disputes Act, 1929
b)	Royal Commission on Labour, 1934
c)	Labour Management Relation Act, 1947
d)	None of the above
<u>u</u> )	Trone of the doore
	Choose the correct option that correctly states out the defect in the Trade Disputes
83	Act, 1929.
a)	Restraints imposed on the rights of strike
	To render the proceedings unstatutable under the Act for the settlement of an
b)	industrial dispute
c)	Solution to industrial unrest
d)	All of the above
4	
0.4	The bill passing rule 81A has made two new institutions for the prevention and
84	settlement of industrial disputes, i.e. Work Committees and
a)	Industrial Tribunal
b)	Commission on Labour
c)	Arbitration
d)	Adjudication
85	The industrial peace is secured through voluntary and compulsory
a)	Compromise, Arbitration
b)	Adjudication, Arbitration
c)	Work Committee, Industrial Tribunal
d)	Negotiation, Adjudication
86	Choose the correct objective of the Industrial Disputes Act.
a)	To prevent illegal strikes
,	To promote measures for securing and preserving good relations between the
b)	employers and the employees
	To provide relief to workmen in matters of lay - offs, retrenchment, wrongful dismissals
c)	
d)	All of the above



87	Power has been given to require Works Committee to be constituted in every industrial establishment employing 100 workmen or more.
a)	Appropriate Government
b)	State Government
c)	High Court
d)	Board of Conciliation
(u)	Doard of Concination
	Which permanent settlement machinery has been mentioned in the act accountable
88	for the speedy and amicable settlement of industrial disputes?
a)	Adjudication
b)	Conciliation
c)	Arbitration
d)	Appropriate government
	A report of the select committee on the Industrial Disputes Bill, 1946 was published
89	in the Gazette of India, Part
a)	V
b)	IV
c)	III
d)	I
00	On which date did the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 receive assent and came in the
90	Statue Book ?
a)	1st April, 1947
b)	23rd April, 1936 28th April, 1937
(c)	11th March, 1937
<u>u)</u>	Trui March, 1937
<u> </u>	means an interim or a final determination of any industrial dispute or of any
91	question relating thereto by any labour court.
a)	Banking Company
b)	Closure
c)	Conciliation Proceeding
d)	Award



	A person shall not be appointed as the presiding officer of a labour court unless he
	has been the presiding officer under any provincial or state act for not less than
92	years.
<u>a)</u>	2
b)	10
c)	5
d)	15
	How many person/s shall a national tribunal consist of, which is/are to be appointed
93	by the central government?
a)	1
b)	2
c)	3
d)	4
94	Under Workmen's Compensation Act,1923
a)	Individual manager subordinate to an employer cannot act as managing agent.
b)	Managing agent includes an individual manager subordinate to an employer
c)	Only employer can act as managing agent.
d)	The appropriate government shall appoint managing agent.
	The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923, the Maternity Benefit Act, 1965 and the
95	Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 are:
a)	Together can be applicable.
	The Maternity Benefit Act and the Employees State Insurance Act can be applicable
b)	at a time.
	The Workmen's Compensation Act and the Employees State Insurance Act can be
c)	applicable at a time.
d)	If the Workmen's Compensation Act and the Maternity Benefit Act are applicable, the Employees State Insurance Act is not applicable.
u)	the Employees state insurance Act is not applicable.
	Assertion (A): Provisions of Employees' compensation Act and Maternity Benefit
	Act do not apply to all industries.
	Reason (R): Employees' Compensation Act is a comprehensive social security
96	legislation.
a)	(A) is wrong, but (R) is right
b)	(A) is wrong, but (R) does not related to the (A)
c)	(A) and (R) are right, and (R) validates (A)
d)	(A) and (R) are wrong
	· · · · · · · ·



	While working at the construction of a multi-storeyed building of a company, a
	worker employed by a 'contractor', supplied by a 'Sirdar', faced an accident and
	became temporarily disabled. For paying compensation to the worker, who shall be
97	held responsible as per law?
a)	The contractor who employed the worker
b)	The Sirdar who supplied the worker
c)	Both (A) and (B)
d)	None of the above
	No contribution is required for getting benefit under which of the following
98	legislations?
a)	Maternity Benefit Act
b)	Employees' Compensation Act
c)	Both under (A) & (B)
d)	None of the above
	If the money is due from the employer under the settlement or award, the workmen
	or his assignee can make an application to the appropriate government for the
99	recovery within the period given below.
a)	One year
1.)	One year and also after the said period of the appropriate government is satisfied that
<u>b)</u>	the applicant has sufficient cause for not making the application within one year
c)	Two years
d)	Three years
100	
100	The name of which of the following legislations has been recently changed?
a)	Workmen's' Compensation Act
b)	Employees' State Insurance Act
c)	Maternity Benefit Act
d)	Payment of Gratuity Act
101	Which of the following statements relating to the Employees 'Compensation Act is
101	not correct?
a)	This Act has a link with the Workmen's Compensation Act
b)	This act is the outcome of the amendment that was to the Workmen's Compensation Act
	The act does not have any provision relating to temporary disablement of workmen
c)	
d)	This act has a provision relating to permanent partial disablement



	Reason (R): Fatigue is the result of personal health condition of the worker as well as
102	by overwork, monotonies boredom as part of work experience.
a)	(A) is right but (R) is wrong
b)	(A) is right and the (R) rightly explains the (A)
c)	Both (A) and (R) are wrong
d)	(A) is wrong but (R) is right
	If there is wilful removal or disregard by the workman of any safety guard or other
1.02	device which he knew to have been provided for the purpose of securing safety of
103	workmen
a)	Employer is liable to pay compensation
<u>b)</u>	Employer is not liable to pay compensation
c)	Appropriate government is liable to pay compensation
d)	The Trade Union is liable to pay compensation
1	
	In case of fatal accident if the commissioner serves notice to the employer based on
	his source
	<ul><li>(A) The employer can neglect the notice</li><li>(B) If the employer thinks liable, he shall make the deposit within sixty days of the</li></ul>
	service of notice
	(C) If the employer thinks liable, he shall make the deposit within thirty days of the
	service of notice
	(D) If the employer thinks liable, he shall in his statement indicate the grounds on
104	which he disclaims liability
a)	All statements are correct
b)	All statements are incorrect
c)	Only (a) and (d) are correct
d)	Only (c) and (d) are correct
	Under WC Act, employer shall not be liable to pay compensation in respect of any
	injury which does not result in the total or partial disablement of the workman for a
105	period exceeding days;
a)	7
b)	3
c)	5 2
d)	



106	Statutory Minimum wage is fixed under
a)	Payment of wages Act, 1936
b)	Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
c)	Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923
d)	Minimum Wages Act, 1948
	Under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 the appropriate government shall fix the
107	minimum rates of wages payable to the employees employed in an employment
	specified in  Schedule I part I
a) b)	Schedule I part II
c)	Schedule I, part I, II and the employments and added under section 27
d)	Schedule I and II
u)	Schedule I and II
	Which of the following is not a method for fixing Minimum Wages under the
108	Minimum Wages Act, 1948?
a)	Notification Method
b)	Committee
c)	Bargaining
d)	None of the above
109	The minimum wages are as fixed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 must be revised at least once in
a)	2 years
b)	3 years
c)	5 years
d)	No mention under the Act
110	The Minimum Wages Act, 1948 has
a)	One schedule covering different types of industries
b)	One schedule covering different types of industries, shops and establishments
c)	One schedule covering shops and establishments
d)	One schedule covering industrial establishments and agriculture



111	Which one of the following is not based on the principle of welfare?
a)	Mica Mines Labour Welfare Funds Act
b)	Iron Ore Mines Labour Welfare Funds Act
c)	Minimum Wages Act
d)	Dock Workers (Safety, Health, Welfare) Act
112	Which of the following legislations apply to unorganized sector workers in India?
a)	Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986
b)	Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act 1970
c)	Minimum Wages Act
d)	All of the above
1	Under the Minimum Wages Act, which of the following cannot be appointed by the
	appropriate government by notification under the official gazette for deciding claims
113	arising out of payment of less than minimum rates of wages?
a)	Any commissioner for Workmen's compensation
b)	Any officer of the Central Government exercising functions as a Labour Commissioner for any region
c)	Any officer of the State Government not below the rank of Labour Commissioner
d)	Any officer not less than the rank of District Magistrate
114	What are the methods mentioned in Section 5 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 for fixation/revision of minimum wages.
a)	Committee method
b)	Notification method
c)	Voting method
d)	Both (a) & (b)
	In order to protect the minimum wages against inflation, the Central Government has
1,,,	made the provision of Variable Dearness Allowance (VDA) linked to
115	WILL I D' I I N I C I I C'IW I WINIW
a)	Wholesale Price Index Number for Industrial Workers (WPI-IW)
<u>b)</u>	Consumer Price Index Number for Industrial Workers (CPI-IW)
c)	Consumer Price Index Number for all Urban Consumers (CPI-UC)
d)	Wholesale Price Index Number for all Urban Consumers (WPI-UC)



	<u>Management (1 Y Diploma Sem 6)</u>
116	Which of the following are the responsibilities of Central Advisory Board?
	Advising the Central and State Governments in the matters of the fixation of
a)	minimum rates of wages
	Advising the Central and State Governments in the matters of the revision of
b)	minimum rates of wages
c)	Co-ordinate the work of State Advisory Boards
d)	All the above
	The Central Advisory Board shall consist of the following members nominated by
117	the Central Government
a)	The employers
b)	The employees
(c)	Independent Person
d)	All the above
3/	If an employee works on any day on which he was employed for a period less than
	the requisite number of hour constituting a normal working day, he shall be entitled
118	to receive wages
a)	for a full normal working day
b)	for the hours he had worked
c)	for a half working day
d)	None of the above
	To provide guidelines for wage structure in the country, a tripartite Committee Viz.,
119	"The Committee on Fair Wage" was constituted on
a)	1946
b)	1948
c)	1964
d)	1950
ĺ	
	Match the pairs:
	1. Settlement (A) Refusal to work by workers
	2. Strike (B) Written agreement
120	3. Layoff (C) Closing factory by owner
a)	1.(C), 2.(B), 3.(D), 4.(A)
b)	1.(B), 2.(A), 3.(D), 4.(C)
c)	1.(A), 2.(B), 3.(C), 4.(D)
d)	1.(D), 2.(C), 3.(B), 4.(A)
<u>u)</u>	1.(D), 2.(C), 3.(D), 7.(A)



# WHY V2V?

- 2 Teacher Advantage
- ◆ Free Courses worth Rs. 20000/- ◆ Computer Lab
- Industry Expert Facility
- Digital Classroom

- E-learning App
- y Practical Teaching approach

  100% Job Assistant

# **FEATURES**

- One To One Counseling
- 100% Scoring Assistance
- Msbte Question Paper Solution
- E-books
- Vimp Question Bank
- Free Learning Material (V2V App)





Add.: 9, Basement Sidhivinayak Sankul, Kalyan Station Road, In Monginis Cake Shop Building, Kalyan West, Maharashtra 421301.

- © 93720 72139
- © 93260 50669
- v2vedtech.com